Opening the Myrtle Avenue Line. The first car that has run over the Myrtle avenue line since the strike began, ten days ago, was started at 9 o'clock. The railroad company has been hiring new men for several days and housing them at Ridgewood. At 8:30 a squad of police escorted twenty-five of the new employes

The fact that cars would be started this morning had caused a crowd to gather in the vicinity. As the new employes emerged into the street they were greeted with de-

Maj. Abrams at once ordered his men to charge, and a general stampede followed, the crowd fleeing in all directions, closely pursued by the militia with fixed bayonets. At this juncture two men made their appearance upon the trestle of the elevated road, directly overhead. They were in front of the locomotive, and their appear-

"Come down off there," yelled Major

"Oh, we're all right," came back the answer from one of the men, while both refused to stop. "Come down or I'll shoot," commanded the major again, more sternly. The men gave utterance to something the major could not understand, but refused to budge.

"I give you fair warning. Come down or At the same time five of the major's men advanced with elevated muskets. The com-mand from the determined officer, backed up by the action of his men, had its effect as the strangers fled back upon the plat-

form.

Before starting the first car a detail of militia was sent out on Myrtle avenue and Wickoff avenue, Magnolia and Palmetto streets to clear those thoroughfares. The sixty-ninth had been sent up from Gates and Raiph avenues and lined Myrtle avenue from Ridgewood down to Broadway.

At precisely 9 o'clock a car was started down Myrtle avenue with two policemen on each platform and a detachment of sol-diers on the sidewalk. This was soon followed by another car similarly guarded. At 9:10 o'clock forty new employes were escorted from the railroad depots to the car stables by the police. No demonstra-tion was made, as the crowd had been dis-

### Firing on the Pickets.

During the night the pickets at 24th street and 5th avenue were fired at by a mob of rioters. The shots were wild and broke some windows. None of the soldiers were injured. They fired in the direction from which the shots came, but probably without effect. An attempt was made last night to shoot

a soldier on guard duty at the Flatbush depot. Private Joseph Prout of company I fourteenth regiment, was the man fired upon. The miscreant escaped in the dark-ness. Later on a man tried to cross the tracks at the same place. The sentry fired over his head and the fellow ran away. At 8:15 a crowd gathered in front of the Bush-wick Cottage Hotel and jeered at the non-union men who were at the Ridgewood depot. Companies G and D of the seventh regiment were ordered to charge on the mob, and succeeded in dispersing it. No shots were fired and no one was injured. Henry Weyant, a private in company K of the twelfth regiment, fell from exhaustion this morning at Park place and Van-derbilt avenue. He had been on guard duty for ten consecutive hours with in-sufficient food.

The guardsmen stationed at the Flatbush depot are complaining of the poor food they are getting. The guard detail there was reduced today to twenty men.

### Cars Running on Broadway. Twenty cars were started down Fulton

Five cars have just started from the Queens County and Suburban railroad shed, at Bergen street and Albany avenue, to go over the Reid avenue line. The superintendent says from now on they will be run on regular headway. These are the first cars on this line to be started. There is a break in the Sumner avenue line. men cannot be obtained to make the re-

make people close their windows on Myrtle avenue. blockade on the saloons at Ridge-

wood has been partly raised, and those on the inside have been allowed to go out if they desire. No men will, however, be al-Col. Appleton of the seventh regiment

makes a statement to the effect that the shooting of Mitchell last night saved his life. The colonel said that the shooting was immediately due to the flourishing of revolvers in the crowd. The wounded man told Col. Appleton that the men had de-termined to assassinate him, and his fall saved him from the bullets of his would-be murderers

## Protected by Sharpshooters.

At the starting of cars on 3d avenue line at 11:40 the doors of the depot at 3d avenue and 58th street were thrown open. Two cars were in readiness, one manned by Charles Scoffeld, electrician to the company; Motorman G. H. Schmitt and Conductor Emil Reem. Policemen guarded the front and rear of the car.

Twelve men of the second mounted squad were drawn up in front of the depot. As the car left the depot the soldiers surrounded it, three men riding in advance, three on each side and three in the rear. Upon the roof of the railroad depot were sharpshooters, who covered with their rifles the elevated station at 58th street and the

windows on each side of the avenue.

The elevated station was occupied by a

Governor Nelson Elected to Succeed Senator Washburn.

LEGISLATURE ACTS IN JOINT SESSION

Ratifying Action in Other States as to Senators.

THE DELAWARE DEADLOCK

ST. PAUL, Minn., January 23.-In joint ession today the legislature elected Gov. Nelson to succeed United States Senator W. D. Washburn. The vote was: Knute Nelson, 102; W. D. Washburn, 36; S. C. Comstock, 9; J. T. McCleary, 2; Ignatius Donnely (populist), 23; John Lind, 1; Wm. Mitchell (democrat), 4.

The legislature met in joint session at noon, Speaker Van Zandt presiding. The first vote resulted: Nelson, 98; Washburn, 35; Comstock, 12; McCleary, 3; Donnelly, 13; John Linde, 1; Mitchell, 4.

### Taking Fermal Action.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., January 22.-The senate and house met in joint session today and voted for United States Senator. The vote stood: Isham G. Harris, democrat, 79; E. J. Sanford, republican, 35; A. L. Mims, populist, 9. Mr. Harris was reelected.

TRENTON, N. J., January 23.-The joint meeting of the legislature for the formal declaring of yesterday's balloting for United States Senator was held at noon today in the assembly chamber. President Stokes, who was made chairman, declared that Gen. Sewell, having received a mapority of the votes cast, was duly elected United States Senator. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., January 23.—Shelby

M. Cullom (rep.) was today formally de-clared elected as United States Senator in the joint assembly. Senator Cullom deliv-ered a short address thanking the legisla-tors and touching briefly upon the revenue and currency situation

The Delaware Deadlock.

DOVER, Del., January 23 .- The tenth ballot in the United States senatorial fight, which was taken today, resulted as follows: Higgins, 10; Wolcott, 7, Addicks, 6; Massey, 3; Tunnel, 1. Senators Watson, Fenimore and Records, all Wolcott followers, were absent.

ALEXANDER ISLAND CASE.

Lawyers at Richmond, Va., Discussing a Plan of Compromise.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., January 23.-The matter of the injunction against the Grange Camp Association of Virginia restraining racing and gambling at Alexander Island

has not been settled at 1:30 p.m. The lawyers on each side conferred separately and jointly, but nothing is given out for publication as yet. It is underposed by which the injunction shall remain suspended, and the commonwealth can, whenever it sees fit, move to have it enforced.

Later-At 2:30 p.m. the lawyers were still in conference, and it was said that a compromise, whereby the races may be con-tinued, would certainly be reached.

## TO AID THE STRIKERS.

The Question of Sympathetic Action

Has Been Considered. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., January 23 .- H. street today, the first at 10:45 o'clock. At a B. Martin of the national executive board a prisoner or not. The deputy rooms with way were repaired, and at 11:45 cars were very suddenly for New York. It is underrunning at regular intervals. A few min- steed, on good authority, that his mission utes after noon the first car on the 3d is in connection with the street car strike avenue line started from the depot at 58th in Brooklyn. It is known that the board other Knights of Labor on other street car systems. For several days Mr. Martin has been in constant telegraphic communication with the eastern members of the board. In a recent interview he admitted that the question of a sympathetic strike was under serious consideration.

Master Workman Connelly has undergone another change of heart in the matter of ordering out the linemen. He now repudates the statement he made yesterday afternoon that these had been rotal to purporting to emanate from District Assembly No. 75, K. of L., has reached all motormen in this city ordering them to break in no new men until the December 1. JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23 .- A no-

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 23 .- A meeting of the local assembly of Knights of Labor composed of street railway conductors and motormen was held after midnight last night to consider matters pertaining to the great strike in Brooklyn. Every effort is being made to counteract the excdus of conductors and motormen from this place. Among the crowd of fifty men who left last night to take the places of strikers were three members of the union, who went as spies to keep the Brooklyn labor officials posted as to the progress the railway companies are making.

## A SENSATION IN MAINE.

### Proposed Resubmission to the People of the Prohibition Question.

AUGUSTA, Me., January 23 .- A sensation will be sprung in the house today by Mr. Patterson of Bath. Me., who will introduce a bill embodying the resubmission proposition so long discussed and by the prohibitionists so strenuously objected to. The bill will be very short, simply providing for the submission of the prohibiquestion to the people at the next election, to be voted on by yes and no bal-

## UNION PACIFIC AFFAIRS.

The Forcelosure Suit Discussed by Directors' Executive Committee.

NEW YORK, January 23 .- At a meeting of the executive committee of the board of directors of the Union Pacific Railway

Carries a Good-Natured Deputy Around With Him.

Hard Work Not to Lose the Officer of the Law-Some Terrible Possibilities.

Mr. John S. Shriver is having lots of company these days. A nice-looking man is by his side all the time, to make him feel comfortable and happy in the assurance that he is a prisoner in the clutches of the law. Shriver is the Washington correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, and is now under indictment for being rude enough not to answer questions that were put to him by Senator Gray's investigating committee concerning the operations of the wicked sugar trust. He is a scciable fellow and likes lots of company, so that the presence of a satellite or twinstar or a Siamese twin, or whatever Mr. Helmes, the deputy marshal who is in charge of him, may be called, is not so

The Rough Edge. But Shriver is not at all ashamed of be ing in the clutches of the law, in the person of Deputy Holmes. In fact, he is rather proud of it, and thinks it is a good joke, and introduces the deputy to his friends with quite a grand air, that goes to take the rough edge from the prospect of penal servitude, and make it quite pop-

But there is a dull lining to every golden cloud. The trouble is that the deputy isn't the least bit worried about Johnny Shriv er's getting away from him. The shoe is rather on the other foot, and the prisoner is in constant fear lest he should lose the deputy. In fact, a horrible thing happened this morning.

The Deputy Lost.

Shriver went up to the Capitol to write some pieces for his paper, and the deputy went with him and they had a real nice chat going up. The prisoner introduced his guardian to the doorkeepers of the press galleries of the two houses, who gave him permission to sit in the lobbies, but refused him permission to sit in the galleries themselves, as he did not strictly fall with in the designation of "a visiting journalist." They made it very pleasant for him, and as a favor to Johnny Shriver, whom everybody likes heartily, they told him to make himself quite at home. He first took a peep into the press galleries to convince nimself that there was no secret outlet, and then, being on the House side, proceeded to make himself comfortable.

Suddenly a startling rumor of some very important news called the correspondent o the Senate side, and the deputy was tired, and told his prisoner to go ahead and write his piece, and that he would wait for him in the House gallery. Shrfver demurred at this, and reminded the deputy that the proprieties of the situation demanded that the deputy should go with him. Mr. Holmes, with a confidence born of twenty hours' acquaintance, insisted ing no desire to participate in the narrow upon remaining in the House, and so Shriver went forth after all to glean his dustrial issues were dull and without spe-

When he went back to the House, half an hour later, to see if he was still in the hands of the law, the deputy was nowhere to be found. There was an exciting hunt, and finally the deputy was found, comfortably eating a luncheon, and Johnny Shriver breathed easy once more. He hadn't escaped after all.

### Some Possibilities.

There are some interesting complications in this situation that may grow very much | tions. tangled before Monday, when the Supreme Court is to say whether Shriver is really expenses, and the deputy has a good time.
But the correspondent has a great many social duties to perferm here in WashingMessrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway: ton, and, being quite a butterfly of fashion has under consideration the calling out of is always besieged by invitations to teas, Ginners, and so forth. Just whether he can take his deputy along with him is puzzling his journalistic brain at present, and society may be very startled before the week is out by finding a prisoner of the law in its midst, with his guardian alongside. Really, Johnny is sometimes wishing that he had answered those questions.

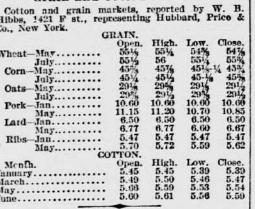
# A BERING SEA RESOLUTION.

It is Intended as an Offset to the · Hawaiian Policy.

The House committee on ways and means today authorized Representative McMillin to report to the House a resolution which is designed to serve as an offset for the unpopular Hawaiian policy of this administration. The resolution is one calling on the State Department for information concerning the expenses of the Bering sea commission, appointed by President Harrison, and the cost to this government of carrying out the joint treaty between the United States, England and Germany to maintain the government of Samoa. This resolution will be replied to by the State Department, and it is understood that the reply will be of a character to reflect upon the former administration of that department under which the negotiations referred to were conducted.

The expectation of the democrats of the committee is that this answer will put Mr. Harrison in an awkward position, and be in the nature of the retort "you're another" to any criticism made on the Hawaiian policy of this administration. It is understood that the Secretary of State desired to be interrogated by Congress on these questions in order to give an opportunity to him to convey, certain statements concerning these matters. The subcommittee having charge of the proposition to increase the beer tax were

not ready to report, since there had been no conference on the subject between them and the Secretary of the Treasury, and they had not made up their minds as to whether the situation demanded this in-



Effect of the Continued Withdrawals of Gold.

NO INDICATIONS WHEN THEY WILL STOP

The Next Dividend of the Chicago Gas Trust.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, January 23.-The sentiment of the trading element was strongly prejudged in tavor of lower prices this morning as the result of the continued withdrawals of gold from the subtreasury. The total amount thus far engaged is estihated at \$2,250,000, the bulk of which will much of an annoyance to him as it might be shipped by Saturday's steamers. It is be to some folks. Then Mr. Holmes is an awfully clever fellow, too, and that makes if not Joubled, before sailing hour. Unif not doubled, before sailing hour. Unfortunately, there are no indications of an early discontinuance of this drain, the arguments recently advanced being nullified by the urgency of the present demand. The stocks usually conspicuous in an active market gave way to a group better suited to the character of the day's activity. Reading was first to attract attention, liberal offerings and a large volume of business forcing the price down 2 per cent to 3-4. Rumors of foreclosure proceedings and a heavy stock assessment accompanied the selling, and were instantaneous in their effect. One firm alone is credited

> freely assisted by traders. Northern Pacific preferred was offered down by a prominent bear operator for the purpose of uncovering stop orders. The success of the effort was attested by the subsequent decline of 2 per cent in price. Missouri Pacific yielded to the prevailing tendency of the market for a less of 2 per cent, the short account being credited with the greater part of the selling. New England declined I per cent on the marketing of a moderate amount of stock.

> The grangers and the balance of the list in general were barely steady within fracticnal limits of first prices.
> Chicago Gas cpened down 5-8 per cent, but became steady almost immediately as the result of a good demand from both classes of traders. The money for tomorrow's dividend having been paid to the trust company prior to the filing of the in-junction, it is believed that the distribution to the stockholders will proceed with-out further interference. The new interests in the property are quietly working on a plan whereby they may assume control and some interesting developments in this connection are promised before the week closes. The confidence of the party now deprived of privileges to which their stock oldings fully entitles them is demonstrated by a willingness to add to present holdings at every fresh concession in price. Sugar was steady within the limits of 1-2 per cent, the manipulating interest show-

The trading of the last hour was dull and the tendency of speculation unchanged. Further engagements of gold during this period contributed to the movement against values. The narrowness of speculation is relied upon to prevent any prolonged bear campaign, as the market is easily oversold and prices extremely sympathetic to any demand. There was little in the day's developments, however, sufficiently tangible to indicate the immediate course of fluctua-

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the high-

i	Stocks	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Ì	American Sugar	8916	9034	8936	903
i	American Sugar Pfd	9136	9136	9136	913
	*American Topacco	9536	95%	9534	953
H	American Cotton Gil	•	100		
		436	434	436	43
ļ	Atchison	4914	49%	48%	493
	Canada Southern		40.4	4079	307
	Canada Pacific	17	17	16%	163
Ì	Chesapeake and Ohio				973
ľ	C., C., C. and St. L	3734	37%	37%	373
ij	Chicago, B. and Q	70%	7134	70%	707
ij	Chic.and Northwestern.	95%	95%	94%	945
ij	Chicago Gas	73	73%	7214	723
i	C., M. and St. Paul	55%	55%	5478	553
	C., M. and St. Paul Pfd.		118	118	118
	Chie., R.I. and Pacific	6234	6334	6234	623
Ì	Del., Lack. and W	161	161	160%	161
l	Delaware and Hudson	129	129	128%	1283
	Den. and R. Grande Pfd				
	Dis.and Cattle Feeding.	10%	1034	10%	103
	General Electric	8334	8874	33%	337
ŀ	Illinois Central	8776	87%	8734	877
	Lake Shore				
	Erie	10%	10%	934	93
	Erie Louisville and Nashville	5834	58%	5334	531
	Long Island Traction		1136	1136	11)
	Metropolitan Traction		101%	101%	1013
	Manhattan Elevated	108	108	1073	1073
	Michigan Central	100	100	10.78	10.7
	Missouri Pacific	2334	231/	21	213
	National Lord Co			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	359
	National Lead Co	37%	37%	85%	
	U. S. Cordage Co	5%	574	5%	53
	U. S. Cordage Co. Pfd	814	9	816	9
	New Jersey Central	88	88%	87	873
	New York Central	*****	99%	9916	
	N. Y. and N. E. Cfs	3114	3178	30%	81
	N. Y., C. and St. Louis				
	Northern Pacific	31/4	314	3	3
	Northern Pacific Pfd	1736	17%	15%	153
	North American		334	314	31
	Ont. and Western	1634	16%	16	16
	Pacific Mail	2276	2276	2234	227
	Phila. and Reading	1034	10%	814	83
	Puliman Pal. Car Co				
	Southern Railway	934	914	936	91
	Phila. Traction		90%	89	89
	Texas Pacific	9	9	834	
	Tenn. Coal and Iron	1514	1514	143	151
	Union Pacific	914	914	9	93
	Wabash				-/
	Wabash Pfd	1376	14	1336	133
	Wheeling and L. Erie	103/	1034	103	103
	Wheeling and L. E. Pfd.	100	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	Western Union Tel	871	971/	971/	873
		8734	8736	87%	
	Wisconsin Central	•••••			****

Silver..... .... .... .... Sales—regular call—12 · o'clock m.—Metropolitan Railroad conv. 6s, \$1,000 at 99. Eckington Railroad 6s, \$100 at 101%. National Safe Deposit and Trust, 10 at 126. Washington and Georgetown Railroad, 5 at 289; 5 at 289. Riggs Fire Insurance, 100 at 7.7-16.

Giving Mayor Strong Power, Alphan, NY, Panary 21—The and flower should be referred to the foreign of the output of the strong of the strong power and the strong of the strong power and the strong po

LATE NEWS BY WIRE SHRIVER IN CUSTODY FINANCE AND TRADE HOUSE-TO-HOUSE WORK REGENTS IN SESSION

Systematic Canvass of the City by Central Relief Committee.

The Legion of Loyal Women and the Work They Are Doing-

The work of relieving the distress among the poor of Washington is being done on more systematic lines every day. Now that the central relief committee has got fairly to work there is less danger of duthe same time that it is possible to cover the ground much more thoroughly.

Everything at the rooms of the committee is now in good shape and little time is lost in getting provisions and supplies out where they will do the most good. Much of what has been given out has gone direct to the police. Callers at the committee rooms as well as many of those who go to the Central Union Mission and to the office of the Associated Charities are referred to the precinct in which they live, and if, on investigation, their story of need appears to be well founded, relief is given out from there without further delay. House-to-House.

charged with the duty of preparing the having as yet been named. lists of canvassers for the thorough houseto-house visitation of the city for donations, is making his headquarters at the board of trade rooms. He has a number of assistants in his work, but even so it is of the board. In speaking of the loss a long and arduous task. Almost all the which the institution has sustained, Secsections of the city have now been provided for. The committee on canvass, of who represented more than any one else which Mr. Wight is chairman, is greatly embarrassed by the failure on the part of institution. He referred also to the fact many to reply to the request to serve as with selling 10,000 shares in all, and were canvassers. A number of gratifying acceptances have

been received, but there are many yet to hear from, and the committee has no way of knowing whether or not to count them for service. It is probable that the canvass of the city will be made about the middle of next week. According to the present plan circulars and envelopes will be sent out next Monday and the canvassers will go out to make their rounds on Wednesday. It is hoped that in this way as little inconvenience as possible will be caused to the families who expect to give, and the work will also be greatly facilitated. It is expected that a generous response will be made to the appeal, and that the treasury of the central relief committee will be filled in a most encouraging manner.

Of the independent organizations that have undertaken charity work this winter few have met with such gratifying success as the Legion of Loyal Women, which has reached out and done a great deal in a systematic way since the distress in the city became extreme. Mrs. L. M. Porter has recently taken the supplies of clothing bedding, etc., to a couple of handsome rooms on E street, where they can be comfortably sorted out, laid out to be mended or made over and put into piles on the long tables, each kind to itself ready for instant use, when the call comes.

Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, as chairman of the employment committee, and her corps of able assistants have their work well in

hand. They have been able, with the kindly co-operation of business men and housekeepers of the city, to furnish work to from one to haif a lozen persons daily a good record when continued day after day, as these ladies hope to be able to do. The legion itself is now employing five destitute women and one man, a cobbler, in the work of repairing donations, the money for which was appropriated from its own funds outright, the entire amount of money so far donated to its relief work having been expended immediately in coal. This is given to the poor in quarter-ton lots, as very few have facilities for storing more than that at one time. More persons

funds are provided. Some of the women

from time to

prove good ceamstresses, and are provided with permanent work; others, knowing little or nothing of how to sew, and especially how to do neat handwork or mending, must be taught. This takes time, and no one wants to pay money for work that is worse than useless. So the ladies decided to follow the plan so successfully inaugurated at Strausburg by Miss Clara Barton, under the auspices of the Empress of Germannian and the rocal house, though necessity. many and the royal house, though necessarily in a small, plain way as yet.

The Legion of Loyal Women expect it to grow until it really becomes, as it ought to be, an important adjunct of the charity work of the city, to teach people how to do well the thing that lies nearest to home.

Among those who have donated groceries, clething and other supplies since the last report are: Mrs. L. M. Porter, Mrs. E. A. report are: Mrs. L. M. Forter, Mrs. E. A. Cleaves, Miss Dennis, Miss Mary C. Tay-lor, Mrs. Underman, Mrs. Friedley, Wm. Hill, Dr. Raub, Mr. Simpson, Miss Jeanette Taylor, Mrs. Whitaker, Mrs. Mrs. C. H. Evens, Mrs. H. N. Rose, Mrs. Hassman, C. W. Outtrank, Mrs. A. F. Eberly, Mrs. M. A. Cowman, Miss Clark, Miss Scott, Mrs. Meline, Mrs. Emily Smith,

Kinsey, Mrs. J. S. Williams, Miss Johnston, King, Mrs. Patterson, Mrs. War-ren, Mrs. John Weyrich, Mrs. C. E. Lleyd, Mrs. A. Smith, Miss E. Kinsey, Mrs. J. S. Williams, Miss Johnston Mrs. Schwinghammer, Miss Hulda Cast, Mrs. Clarke, Miss Michlin, Mrs. Addie De-vine, Mrs. C. G. Bollinger, A. P. Whitney, Miss Phelps, Mrs. A. J. Orton, Miss Miller, Mrs. A. H. Perham, Miss Marberry, Mrs. Butler, Mrs. S. S. Chapin, Mrs. G. W. Jackson, Mrs. Hendrickson, Mrs. Weir, Miss Henderson, Mrs. Goode.

# GEORGETOWN'S COLLECTOR.

Report of the Investigation in the

Hands of Secretary Carlisle. The investigation of the affairs of the Georgetown custom house was concluded by Special Agents Jenkins and McEnery today, and they submitted their report to the Secretary of the Treasury late this afternoon. Chief Special Agent Crowley, to whom it was made in the first instance, transmitted it to the Secretary. Although not officially stated, it is known

that the report shows that Collector Manogue has been lax and irregular in his bookkeeping, and that in one or more inhe committed serious errors in his accounts. The report shows, further, that, regard-

The Affairs of the Smithsonian Institution Considered.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SECRETARY

The Zoo as Compared With Similar Places in Europe.

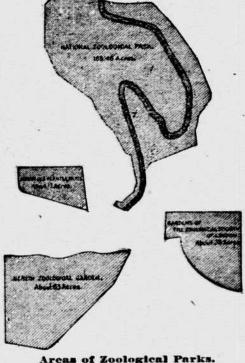
plication in attending to appeals for aid at | DR. WELLING'S DEATH

The annual meeting of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution took place at the institution this morning at 10 o'clock. Chief Justice Fuller presided, and Senators Morrill and Gray, Representatives Wheeler and Hitt, President Coppee of Lehigh University and J. B. Henderson were present as regents. The Vice President of the United States and Senator Cullom were absent from the city. The board is substantially unchanged from last year, Andrew D. White having been reappointed for a term of six years Mr. John B. Wight, who is practically and no successor to the late Dr. Welling

Resolutions of condolence were adopted in regard to the death of the late Dr. Welling, and the secretary of the institution Mr. S. P. Langley, was requested to pre pare a eulogy for insertion in the journa retary Langley referred to him as one who represented more than any one else that the policy which is followed in the administration of the affairs of the institution is the outgrowth of accumulated experience extending over nearly half a century, and that to the fact that the regents have, as a rule, continued much longer in office than is customary in such positions in Washington is due, in part at least, the position which the institution occupies, not only in the learned world, but in the larger world of action, and the confidence in which it is held by the general public and by legislators.

Dr. Welling, he said, had for many years

been active in the service of the institu-ticn, had given conscientious attention to its interests and upheld in every way its conservative and dignified traditions, of



which he was almost the living embodiment. While he did this in part because of their harmony with his own personal tendencies and convictions as to their value, he did it also because of his affection and reverence for the first secretary, Joseph Henry, whose pupil he had been in youth; with whom he had in middle life maintained the relation of friend and confidant, and at whose personal request he had, shortly before Henry's death, consented to add to his already burdensome duties those of the chairman of the executive committee; so that he had been, in fact, a link be-tween the past and the present in the history of the institution.

The report of the executive committee upon the expenditure of the funds of the institution and the appropriations by Congress was considered and approved. The permanent fund of the institution, deposited in the United States treasury, is now \$911,000, in addition to which there is \$42,-000 derived from the Hodgkins bequest,

which is otherwise invested. Report of the Secretary.

The report of the secretary for the year ending June 30, 1894, was presented, supplemented by a statement of what has been done since the close of the last fiscal year. The progress of the museum, he said, has been very considerable. The collections were never in better condition, and the contributions to science derived from their study have been of more than usual extent and value. The buildings have been visited by 200,000 persons during the year, and a very large number of specimens, accurately named and labeled, have been sent to other museums and institutions throughout the United States. It is a matter of concern, however, that owing to lack of provision for the purchase of collections a great amount of valuable material, which can never be replaced, especially in the field of ethnology and archaeology, is year-

ly being taken to other countries.

European museums, the report stated, have recently spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in availing themselves of the fast diminishing opportunities for making collections of ethnological and natural history material gathered on this continent. entire sum of money that has been available for the purchase of specimens has been a fittle over \$3,000, notwithstand ing the great opportunities offered at the close of the Chicago exposition. Within the past year, it was stated, the new Field Columbian Museum, in Chicago, has expended more then half a million dollars in ourchases, and other museums in the United States, outside of Washington, large

the barn unconscious. He has been depressed for some weeks over losses by indorsing notes for friends.

Charles Adams, aged eighteen years, jumped from a moving freight train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Adamstown today and received a bad scalp wound and laceration of the face. He was removed to Montevue Hospital, near this city, for treatment.

especially in obtaining, before it is too late, material for the study of their languages, upon which all conclusions as to their origin and relationship so closely depend. Important results were obtained from a recent expedition to the Papagos and Seris Indians of the far southwest.

The bureau of exchanges is continuing lits work of disseminating the results of scientific investigation in America to all and fired a bullet into his own brain.

parts of the globe, and facilitating in return the transmission of literature from abroad to the public institutions of America, and also on a very extensive scale in distributing public documents and securing the publications of other governments for the National Library. The number of correspondents the report stated in ber of correspondents, the report stated, is now about 24,000, scattered over the entire

globe, of whom more than one-half are outside the western continents.

The astro-physical observatory is doing excellent work, it was stated, upon the frontier line of astro-physics. There is no other such observatory in the world, and the results of its work have had gratifying recognition at home and abroad.

The period of competition for the prizes of \$10,000, \$2,000 and \$1,000, respectively, provided for in connection with the Hodg-kins fund and intended to stimulate dis-

covery and to elicit important treatises in regard to the nature and properties of atmospheric air in relation to the welfare of man, has closed. Almost 200 competitive works for these prizes, some of them from the most eminent men of science in Europe and America, have been received, and a committee of award, consisting of Dr. G. Brown Goode, assistant secretary of the institution; Assistant Surgeon General John S. Billings, U. S. A., and Prof. Mark W. Harrington, chief of the weather bu-W. Harrington, chief of the weather ou-leau, is now engaged in examining them. The result of these competitions cannot yet be announced, but incidentally to their main object they have done excellent work in calling the attention of the world in a new way to the institution and the fund it administers, as well as to its eminent ness to administer other trusts of this

Many other matters of less general inter est were discussed by the board, in con nection with the reports which had been brought before them, and with reference to the Hamilton, Kidder and Bell funds and the recent bequest of Mr. R. S. Avery

of this city.

The meeting adjourned at 11:30 o'clock. UNKNOWN MAN.

He Commits Suicide by Turning on the Gas. Last night a young man, well dressed

and apparently of the better class, called at the Bristol House, a cheap lodging place, 1006 Pensylvania avenue, and engaged a room for the night, paying a half dollar in advance. As the gas burner in the little hall bed room on the third floor works very stiffly he was given a candle to light himself to bed. He gave his name as Elcott, but did not give his first name or place of residence.

About 2 o'clock the people of the house began to get anxious about him and they sent up to inquire if he was sick. A knock upon the door brought no response and the door was forced open. Eleott was found lying dead in the little bed.

The room was full of gas and the window was tightly closed. Elcott had blown out the candle and then turned on the gas. He was quite sober when he went upstairs and as the single gas burner is not imper fect, it was, to all appearances, a case of suicide. The stop-cock turns so hard that it could not well have been left on by ac-

No one about the place knew the de 1 man, or had ever seen him before. Neither have any of the police in that neighbor-hood ever seen him before. His hands were soft and white, showing that he was not a laboring man, and his linen was good and clean. There was not a mark of any sort about him to identify him. on his handkerchief was the letter "L," but there were no letters about his person, only some copies of war papers, and no money. He was apparently about thirtyfive years of age, with brown hair and a rather heavy brown mustache. The body has been taken charge of by the authorities to await identification.

FIRE ESCAPES.

Proposed Law on the Subject Drawn Up. The Commissioners are about to make

another effort to get legislation which will compel the observance of the fire escape For several years they have been operating under a law which whenever it was tested proved valueless, and now they

another law, the legality of which cannot be questioned. From time to time their attention has been called to a number of buildings about the city which were not equipped with fire escapes, but owing to the many legal cor

have concluded to ask Congress to pass

plications which surrounded the law, the latter could not be enforced. Inspector Vermillion, who has direct supervision of fire escapes, was recently called into consultation, and directed to Frepare a bill for Congress, which would settle the matter for all times, and protect the public generally. Under these instructions he has been working for several days, and has at last completed a bill which he thinks thoroughly covers the

subject. The Proposed Bill.

The first section of the bill makes it the duty of every owner in fee or for life of a hotel, factory, manufactory, theater, apartment house, tenement house, office building, seminary, college, academy, hospital, asylum, hall or place of amusement, boarding house, using a building three stories high or upward, to provide iron fire escapes with stand pipes and ladders, as may

be hereafter adopted.

The second section makes it compulsory for owners of hotels, manufactories, workshops, schools, seminaries, colleges, hospitals, asylums, halls, or places of amuse. ment to have the hallways and stairways properly lighted when occupied at night, with a red light at the foot and head of each, together with similar lights at hall intersections, and one or more gongs or alarms capable of being heard throughout the building, easy of access and always

ready for use.

It is also provided that notices shall be posted in every room describing the nearest fire escape.

After thirty days' notice if the law is not complied with the offender or offenders shall be liable to a fine of not exceeding

\$300 and not less than \$100. An additional section is added to the bill, which provides that should a fire occur in any building not properly provided with fire escapes, the owner or owners shall be

liable to action for damages.

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS. Hearings to Be Given. A favorable report was ordered on the bill authorizing a rehearing of certain

claims for work done under the late board of public works and the late board of audit The full committee will give a hearing next Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock to the advocates of the bill to incorporate the National Gas, Light and Fuel Company. A

hearing will also be given at the same time on the medical bill. For Codifying the District Laws. Senator Hunton has introduced an amendment which he desires added to the District apprepriation bill, increasing from

\$3,000 to \$6,000 the amount to be paid to William Stone Abert for codifying the District laws.

The Appropriation Bill. The subcommittee on the District appropriation bill met again today and continued its work preparing the local budget. The District Commissioners and several of their assistants were in attendance to explain the estimates which the Commissioners furnished the Secretary of the Treasury. So far no hearings have been arranged with private individuals, although there is on file a great number of applications for this privilege. The committee will probably send notices in a day or two to those to whom hearings are to

be granted. The Senate, in executive session, yesters day confirmed the nomination of Samuel C. Mills to be a justice of the peace in the District of Columbia. Senator Gray has proposed an amendment to the District appropriation bill, ap-

propriating \$1,000 for the Young Women's Range of the Thermometer.